



# Tweak Your Modules!

## *Java Platform Module System*



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**GK SOFTWARE**

Simply Retail.



# JDT embraces Java™ 9 / Part II

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We've all migrated to Java 11

From here

adopting new Java versions

is a breeze

Compatibility for all!

... and live happily ever after ...



# JDT embraces Java™ 9 / Part II

We've all migrated to Java 11

```
6 import javax.xml.parsers.ParserConfigurationException;
7 import javax.xml.parsers.SAXParser;
8 import javax.xml.parsers.SAXParserFactory;
9
10 import org.xml.sa
11 import org.xml.sa
12
```

The package javax.xml.parsers is accessible from more than one module:  
<unnamed>, java.xml

Compatibility for all!

... and live happily ever after ...



# Some Modules are More Equal than Others

## > Named modules

### > $M^S$ System modules

- part of JRE, implicitly available (not all!)

### > $M$ Regular modules

- user defined
- have module-info

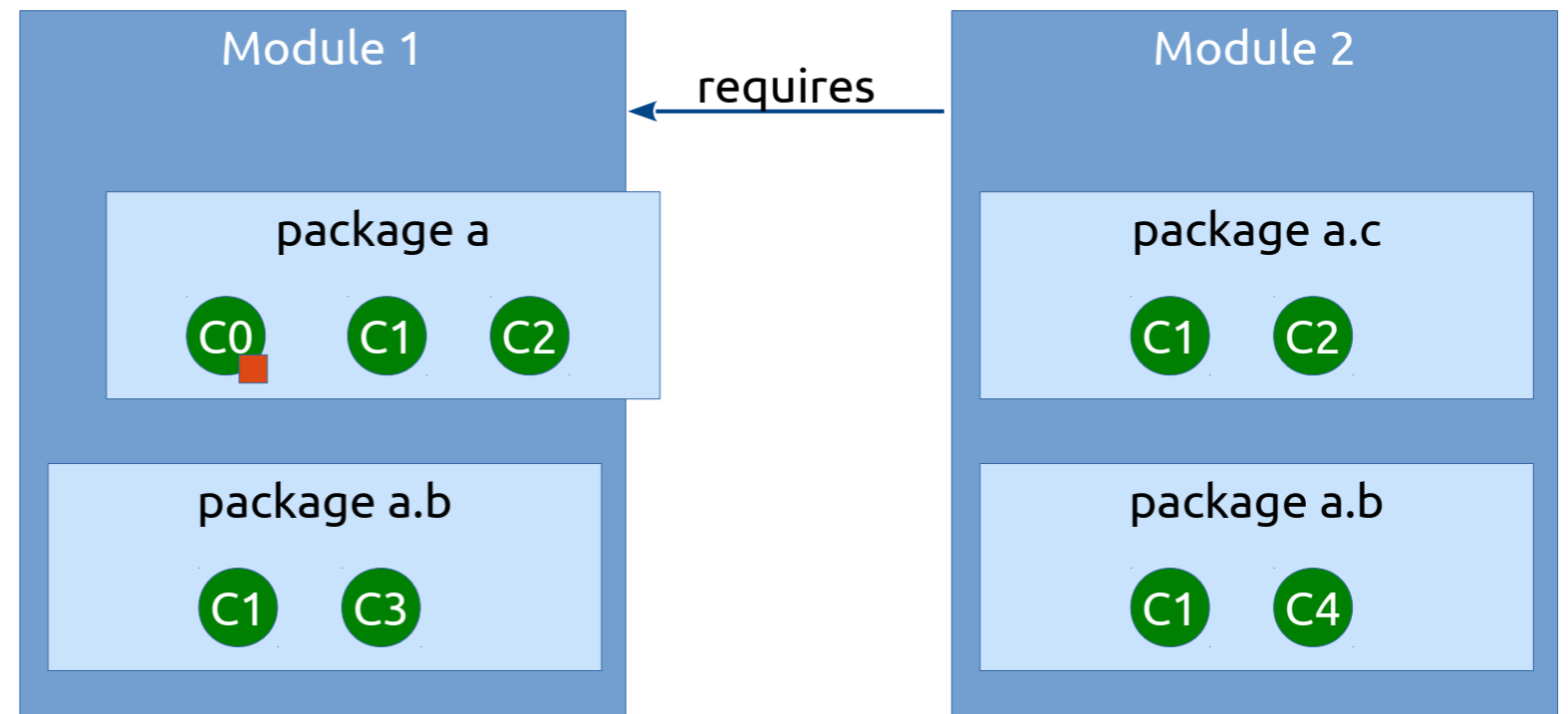
### > $M^A$ Automatic modules

- user defined
- no module-info

## > Unnamed module

- > All the rest – “legacy”

## Wiring à la JPMS:





# Some Modules are More Equal than Others

## > Named modules

### > **M<sup>S</sup>** System modules

- part of JRE, implicitly available (not all!)

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- user defined
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### > **M<sup>A</sup>** Automatic modules

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## > Unnamed module

### > All the rest – “legacy”

All Java9+ programs use modules,  
perhaps unknowingly.



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# Demo java.xml: Conflicting Modules



# Targets are Moving

```
module-info.class
LearningJava9 /home/java/jdk-9/lib/jrt-fs.jar java.corba
/**
 * Defines the Java binding of the OMG CORBA APIs, and the RMI-I
 *
 * <p> This module is upgradeable.
 *
 * @moduleGraph
 * @since 9
 */
@Deprecated(since="9", forRemoval=true)
module java.corba {
    requires java.logging;
    requires java.naming;
    requires java.transaction;
    requires idk.unsupported;
```

JEP 320  
Remove the Java EE and CORBA Modules

➤ What if your CORBA application should run on Java 9 and Java 11?



# JEP 320

“In Java SE 9, the Java SE modules that contain **Java EE** and **CORBA** technologies are annotated as **deprecated for removal**, indicating the intent to remove them in a future release:

- › java.xml.ws (JAX-WS, [...] SAAJ and Web Services Metadata)
- › java.xml.bind (JAXB)
- › java.activation (JAF)
- › java.xml.ws.annotation (Common Annotations)
- › java.corba (CORBA)
- › java.transaction (JTA)”

“Related modules in Java SE 9 are also deprecated for removal:

- › java.se.ee (Aggregator module for the six modules above)
- › jdk.xml.ws (Tools for JAX-WS)
- › jdk.xml.bind (Tools for JAXB)”

“This JEP will remove the nine modules listed above” – Fix Version/s: 11





# Options for using JAXB

- › Java 9, named module
  - › Just require java.xml.bind
  - › Put jaxb-api.jar on the modulepath
    - 1) **remove** system module
    - 2) add jaxb-api.jar to modulepath
- › Java 9, unnamed module
  - › Put jaxb-api.jar on the classpath
  - › **Add** system module java.xml.bind
- › Java 11+
  - › Put jaxb-api.jar on the classpath / modulepath
  - › There is no option 2

## java.xml.bind

- exists as a system module
- deprecated for removal
- not visible by default to unnamed module

## java.xml.bind

- no longer a system module



# Options for using JAXB

## JEP 320:

“Since deprecating modules for removal merely causes compile-time warnings, JDK 9 **took a more robust step** to prepare developers for the actual removal of these modules in a future release:

**The modules are not resolved in JDK 9 when code on the class path is compiled or run.**

This allows developers on JDK 9 to deploy standalone versions of the Java EE and CORBA technologies on the **class path**, just like on JDK 8.”

“Alternatively, developers on JDK 9 can use the `--add-modules` flag on the command line to resolve the modules in the JDK runtime image.”

## **java.xml.bind**

- exists as a system module
- deprecated for removal
- not visible by default to unnamed module

## **java.xml.bind**

- no longer a system module



# Defining a Modular Application

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- › Language: `module-info.java`
  - › `module`
  - › Directives: `requires`, `exports`, `opens`, `provides`, `uses`
    - `to`, `with`
  - › Modifiers: `open`, `transitive`
- › Command line options
  - › `--add-modules`
  - › ...
  - ›



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## Demo java.xml.bind: Module Goes Missing



# Eclipse UI ↔ Command Line

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## › Eclipse: **Java Build Path > Module Dependencies > All Modules**

- › Add System Module → additionally adds required modules
- › Remove → additionally removes requiring modules

## › Command Line

- › `--add-modules` → need to **completely** enumerate all additional modules
- › `--limit-modules` → supports **minimal** form – will keep the transitive closure of listed modules

## › To observe the correspondence: **Show JPMS Options ...**



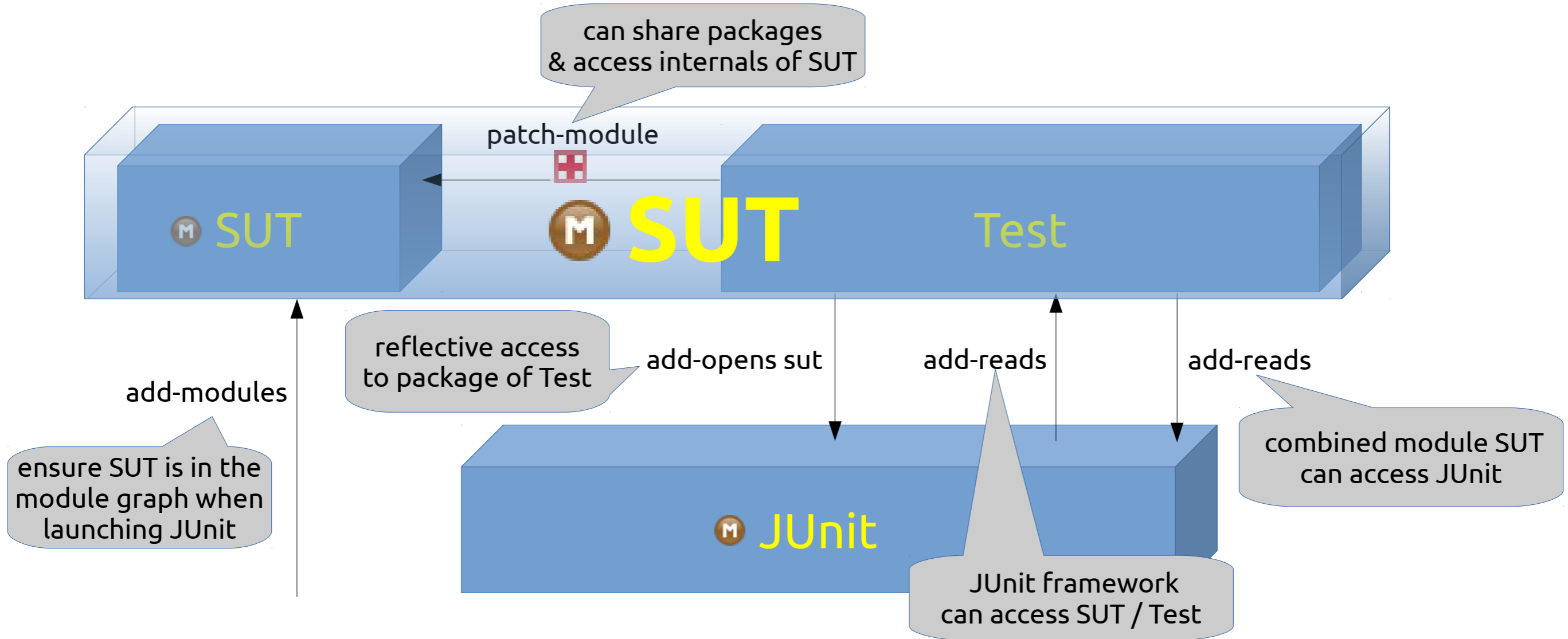
# The Case of Tests

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- › Modular project
- › Main & test sources separated
  - › test sources marked (Thanks to Till Brychcy)
- › JUnit on the classpath
- › Eclipse implicitly adds these tweaks for running tests:
  - › `--add-opens my.mod/test.pack=ALL-UNNAMED`
  - › `--add-reads my.mod=ALL-UNNAMED`
  - › `--add-modules=ALL-MODULE-PATH`
  - › `--patch-module my.mod=/path/to/MyProject/bin-test`



# Undeclared Dependencies





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# Demo: Modular Tests





# Knobs & Dials

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- › module-info.java
  - › intrinsic properties
- › Java Build Path
  - › determine set of **observable** modules
  - › superimpose more **edges** onto the **module graph**
  - › just during building of this project
- › Launch Configuration
  - › initialized from Java Build Path
  - › superimpose more **edges** onto the **module graph**
  - › determine the set of **root** modules
- › Special modules names
  - › add-modules: ALL-SYSTEM, ALL-DEFAULT, ALL-MODULE-PATH
  - › add-reads, add-exports, add-opens: ALL-UNNAMED