REMOTE MANAGEMENT AND MONITORING OF DISTRIBUTED OSGI APPLICATIONS

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REMOTE MANAGEMENT AND MONITORING FROM IOT TO CLOUD

- On-site management too expensive
- The device has no screen or input devices
- The device is unreachable
- There are too many devices
- • •











OSGI – MODULARITY FOR THE JVM

- Modular Software Management
 - Can be managed individually
 - Understand versioning
 - The implementation of modularity for the JVM
 - is the Bundle

- Dynamism
 - Well-defined life-cycle
 - Lose coupling
 - Complex systems are inherently dynamic





Module B







OSGI – THE PLATFORM FOR LONG-RUNNING DEVICES





- Java on the Embedded Device
 - Pros:
 - bridges heterogeneity
 - can run the same code in the cloud or on the device
 - Cons:
 - · updates and maintenance



- Dynamic Module System for the Java Runtime
- Original domain: Home Gateway
 - Multiple software packages need to co-exist on the same machine
 - Long-running software
 - Periodic maintenance and updates requires
 - Ideally with minimal downtime and no interruption of unrelated software packages







REMOTE MANAGEMENT IS NOT NEW (IN OSGI)

TR-069 CONNECTOR SERVICE SPECIFICATION

- TR-069 is a remote management protocol specified by the Broadband Forum
- Specifies a bi-directional protocol based on SOAP 1.1 over HTTP
- For managing "Customer-Premise Equipment (CPE)"
- Designed for routers, gateways, set-op boxes,...



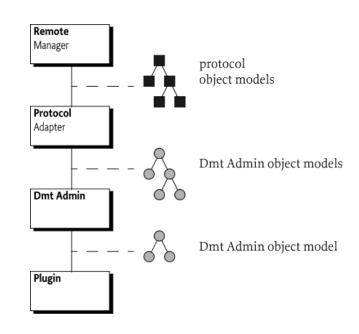




REMOTE MANAGEMENT IS NOT NEW (IN OSGI)

DEVICE MANAGEMENT TREE (DMT)

- A logical view of manageable entities implemented by plugins and structured in a tree with named nodes
- One generic API to hide a multitude of remote management protocols
- Used in IoT space (i.e. Bosch SI)









REMOTE MANAGEMENT OVER REST

- RESTful interface
- Exposing the framework and its internal state as resources
 - Bundles
 - Services



- Command line tools
- Web interfaces
- Application-level
- REST service implementation ships with Concierge 5.1









REST SERVICE ARCHITECTURE

- framework
- framework/state
- framework/startlevel
- framework/bundles
- framework/bundles/representations
- framework/bundle/{bundleid}
- framework/bundle/{bundleid}/state
- framework/bundle/{bundleid}/startlevel
- framework/bundle/{bundleid}/header
- framework/services
- framework/services/representations
- framework/service/{serviceid}









REST SERVICE ARCHITECTURE

framework

137.3.1 Framework Startlevel Resource

framework/startlevel frame

The startlevel resource represents the active start level of the framework. It supports the GET and PUT requests.

framew

framew

framev

137.3.1.1 GET

framew The GET request retrieves a Framework Startlevel Representation from the REST management service. The request can return the following status codes:

- 200 (OK): the request has been served successfully and the body of the response is a startlevel representation.
- 406 (NOT ACCEPTABLE): the REST management service does not support any of the requested representations.

137.3.1.2 PUT framew

The PUT request sets the target framework startlevel. The body of the request needs to be a Framework Startlevel Representation. The request can return the following status codes:

- 204 (NO CONTENT): the request was received and valid. The framework will asynchronously start to adjust the framework startlevel until the target startlevel has been reached.
- 415 (UNSUPPORTED MEDIA TYPE): the request had a media type that is not supported by the REST management service.
- 400 (BAD REOUEST): the REST management service received an IllegalArgumentException when trying to adjust the framework startlevel, e.g., because the requested startlevel was zero or negative.
- framework/service/{serviceia

framew

unec





REST SERVICE ARCHITECTURE

framework 137.4.5 Framework Startlevel Representation 137.3.1 Framewo framew 137.4.5.1 JSON framework/startlevel framew The startlevel resource repre Content-Type: application/org.osgi.frameworkstartlevel+json framew 137.3.1.1 GET framew The GET request retrieves a F "startLevel":6, status codes: "initialBundleStartLevel":4 framew • 200 (OK): the request ha 406 (NOT ACCEPTABLE) framew 137.4.5.2 XML 137.3.1.2 PUT framew The PUT request sets the targ uest can return the following status codes: Content-Type: application/org.osgi.frameworkstartlevel+xml framew • 204 (NO CONTENT): the ntil the target startlevel has been reached. framew <frameworkStartLevel> • 415 (UNSUPPORTED ME <startLevel>6</startLevel> framew • 400 (BAD REQUEST): the evel, e.g., because the requested startlevel was zero or <initialBundleStartLevel>4</initialBundleStartLevel> negative. </frameworkStartLevel> framework/servi







REST CLIENT

RestClientFactory

```
public interface RestClientFactory {
   RestClient createRestClient(URI uri);
}
```

RestClient

```
public interface RestClient {
    ...
    FrameworkStartLevelDTO getFrameworkStartLevel() throws Exception;
    void setFrameworkStartLevel(FrameworkStartLevelDTO startLevel) throws Exception;
    ...
}
```

11







REST CLIENT IN .JS







REST CLIENT IN .JS

137.12.2.11 void installBundle((DOMString or ArrayBuffer) bundle, OSGiRestCallback cb)

bundle The Bundle to install, either represented as a URL or as an ArrayBuffer of

- cb The callbacks invoked on completion of the remote invocation. On success the success () callback is invoked with the Bundle representation of the newly installed Bundle. This parameter is optional.
- □ Install a bundle from a URI or by value.

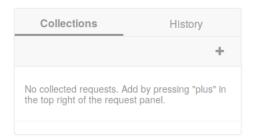


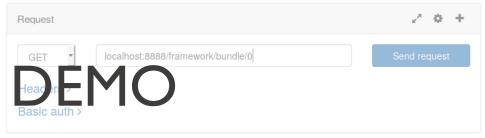




REMOTE MANAGEMENT OVER REST

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REST SPEC LIMITATIONS

- Requires a REST server on the device to manage
 - Why not use the OSGi service layer? And OSGi Remote Services?
- Limited to a single OSGi framework
 - Why not manage a cluster of OSGi frameworks?
- Limited to OSGi-specific information (i.e. bundles, services, etc)
 - Why no metrics on the underlying (hardware?) platform?

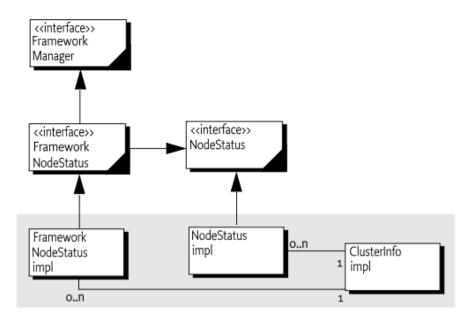






CLUSTER INFORMATION SPECIFICATION

THE NEW KID IN TOWN









FRAMEWORK NODE STATUS

CLUSTER INFORMATION SPECIFICATION

- Presence services indicating a framework / node is there
- Service properties exposing node metadata
 - Unique identifier (and parent)
 - Location information (country, region, zone, ...)
 - Endpoints (private and public)
 - Tags (application-specific)







FRAMEWORK NODE STATUS (2)

CLUSTER INFORMATION SPECIFICATION

- HashMap<String, String> metrics(String... keys)
 - Provides implementation-specific metrics about the node
 - Typically things that change over time (i.e. resource usage)
- Integrated with Remote Service Admin specification
 - *NodeStatus exported as remote service
 - Remote services automatically shared within cluster







FRAMEWORK MANAGER CLUSTER INFORMATION SPECIFICATION

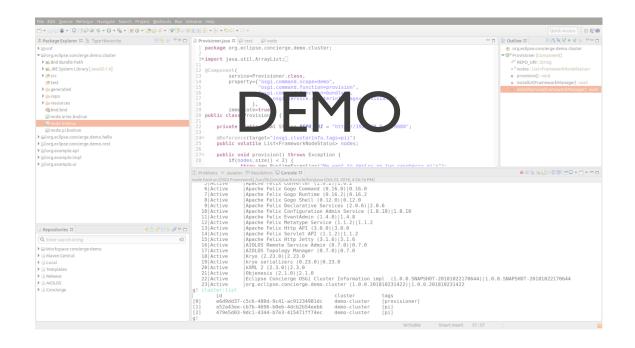
- Managing of an OSGi framework
- Similar API as the REST specification, but now as remote service
- List / inspect bundles and services
- Install / start / update bundles







CLUSTER INFORMATION SPECIFICATION



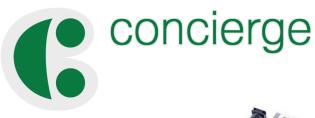






ECLIPSE CONCIERGE

- Full OSGi core R5 compatibility
 - R6 almost done
 - R7 to come
- Keep a small footprint to work well on embedded devices
 - 250kiB without debug symbols
 - 330kiB with debug symbols
- Remain "readable"
 - Currently 9 classes
- Remain backwards-compatible
 - |ava 5

























CONCLUSIONS

- Concierge is an OSGi framework optimized for embedded devices and the Internet of Things
- It hosts the reference implementations for the REST service and the Cluster Information specifications.
- Check them out to ease the remote management of your OSGi deployments.



Project Homepage

http://eclipse.org/concierge

Clone it from here



https://github.com/eclipse/concierge





