

Deployment options for OSGi applications in the cloud/edge

Deployment options for OSGi applications in the cloud/edge Speaker



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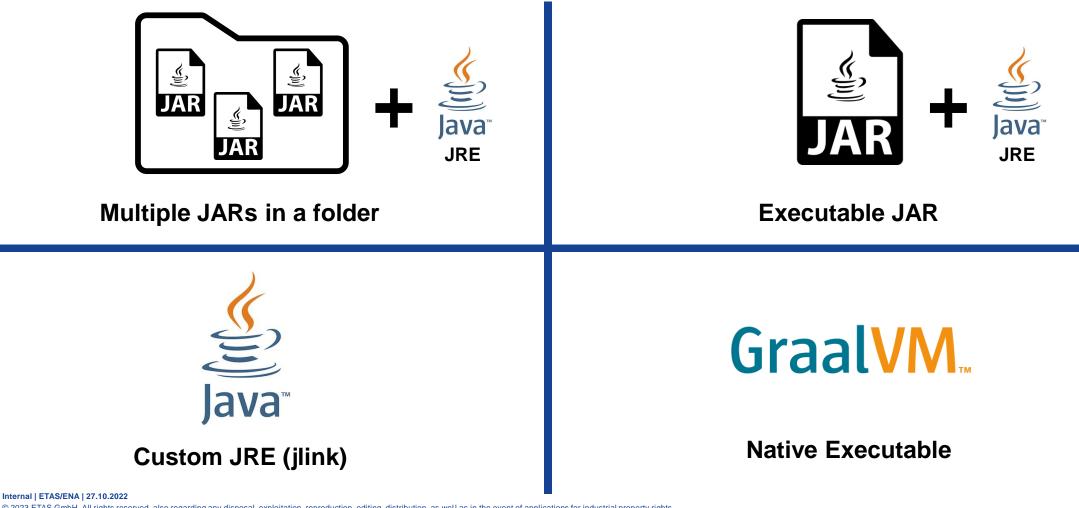
blog.vogella.com/author/fipro/ Twitter: fipro78

Deployment options for OSGi applications in the cloud/edge Overview

- **1. Deployment Variants**
- 2. Container
- 3. Benchmark
- 4. Conclusion



Deployment Variants General



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Multiple JARs in a folder

- Multiple JAR files (OSGi bundles) inside a folder
- Additional configuration file
- Launcher

```
org.eclipse.osgi
```

```
:org.eclipse.core.runtime.adaptor.EclipseStarter
```

java -jar org.eclipse.osgi-3.17.200.jar

- Build
 - maven-dependency-plugin
 - maven-resources-plugin

```
    > > configuration
    > config.ini
    > > plugins
    org.apache.felix.configadmin-1.9.24.jar
    org.apache.felix.gogo.command-1.1.2.jar
    org.apache.felix.gogo.runtime-1.1.6.jar
    org.apache.felix.gogo.shell-1.1.4.jar
    org.apache.felix.scr-2.2.0.jar
    org.osgi.service.event-1.6.100.jar
    org.osgi.service.event-1.4.1.jar
    org.osgi.util.function-1.2.0.jar
    org.osgi.util.promise-1.2.0.jar
    org.osgi.util.promise-1.2.0.jar
```

https://www.eclipse.org/equinox/documents/quickstart-framework.php

Executable JAR

- Executable JAR that includes each required bundle as embedded JAR file
- Configuration also included in the executable JAR
- Launcher

aQute.launcher.pre.EmbeddedLauncher

java -jar equinox-app.jar

- Build
 - bnd-maven-plugin
 - bnd-export-maven-plugin

https://bnd.bndtools.org/ https://bndtools.org/ https://github.com/bndtools/bnd/tree/master/maven



Custom JRE via jlink

- Create a custom JRE with <code>jlink</code> command of the JDK
 - assemble and optimize a set of *modules* and their dependencies into a custom runtime image

https://docs.oracle.com/en/java/javase/17/docs/specs/man/jlink.html

– Folder layout like JRE – Launcher: java command	<pre>/app/jre \$ ls -l total 20 drwxr-xr-x 2 appuser appuser 4096 Oct 14 08:37 bin drwxr-xr-x 4 appuser appuser 4096 Oct 14 08:37 conf drwxr-xr-x 9 appuser appuser 4096 Oct 14 08:37 legal drwxr-xr-x 4 appuser appuser 4096 Oct 14 08:37 lib -rw-rr- 1 appuser appuser 140 Oct 14 08:37 release</pre>
<pre>java [options] -m <module>[/<mainclass>]</mainclass></module></pre>	/app/jre \$

– Issue with OSGi and jlink

Most available OSGi bundles do not contain a module-info.class

 \rightarrow automatic module cannot be used with jlink





Native Executable with GraalVM

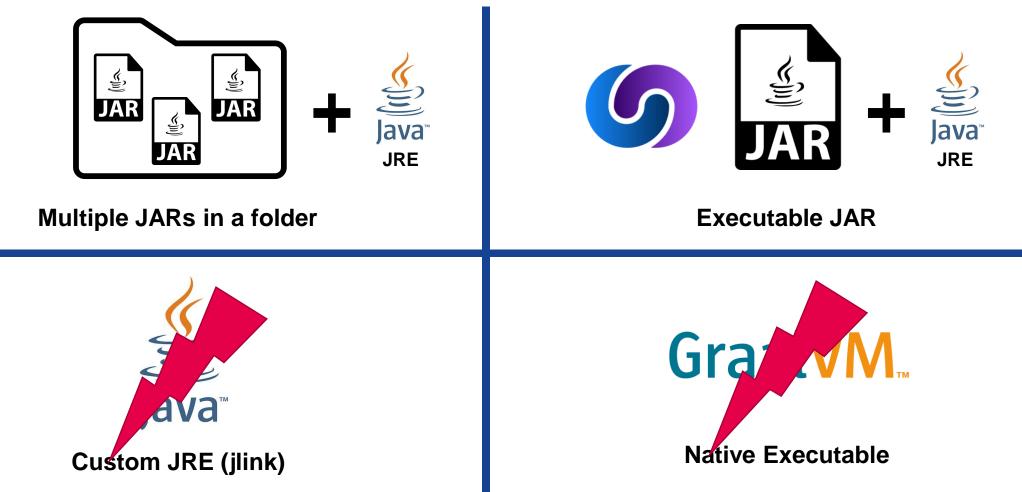
- Native Image is a technology to compile Java code ahead-of-time to a binary a native executable. A native executable includes only the code required at run time, that is the application classes, standard-library classes, the language runtime, and statically-linked native code from the JDK.
- -Can be created using the GraalVM native-image tool
 - From a Class, a JAR (classpath) or a Module (modulepath)
- "Closed world assumption"
 - ightarrow all the bytecode in your application that can be called at run time must be known at build time
- Issue with OSGi and native-image

Dynamic classloading per bundle managed by OSGi Framework (Module Layer)

java.lang.NullPointerException: A null service reference is not allowed.

https://www.graalvm.org/22.2/reference-manual/native-image/





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Custom JRE via jlink - OSGi

- -Add module-info.class
 - ModiTect
 - https://github.com/moditect/moditect
 - → Intrusive change that adds an artifact to an existing published JAR OSS license compatibility?

Checksum?

- → Requires knowledge on internals for generation Maintenance?
- Bndtools JPMS Support

https://bnd.bndtools.org/chapters/330-jpms.html



Bndtools JPMS Support

Enable creation of module-info.class for each bundle, e.g. via bnd-maven-plugin

```
<plugin>
 <proupId>biz.aQute.bnd</proupId>
 <artifactId>bnd-maven-plugin</artifactId>
  <configuration>
    <bnd>
      <! [CDATA [
Bundle-SymbolicName: ${project.groupId}.${project.artifactId}
-sources: true
-contract: *
-jpms-module-info:org.fipro.service.command;modules='org.apache.felix.configadmin'
-jpms-module-info-options: org.osgi.service.cm; ignore="true"
]]>
    </bnd>
 </configuration>
</plugin>
```

Bndtools JPMS Support

Enable creation of module-info.class for executable jar via .bndrun file

```
-jpms-module-info: \
```

\${project.groupId}.equinox.\${project.artifactId};\

```
version=${project.version};\
```

```
ee=JavaSE-${java.specification.version}
```

-jpms-module-info-options: jdk.unsupported;static=false

This makes the executable jar itself a module!



Custom JRE via jlink with Bndtools JPMS support

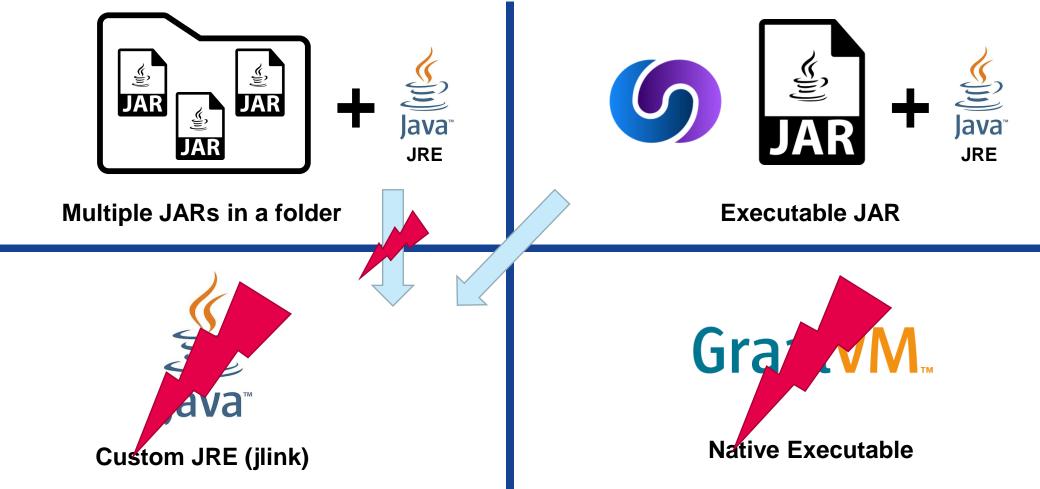
Build

```
$JAVA_HOME/bin/jlink \
    --add-modules org.fipro.service.equinox.app \
    --module-path equinox-app.jar \
    --no-header-files \
    --no-man-pages \
    --output /app/jre
```

Launch

/app/jre/bin/java \
 -m org.fipro.service.equinox.app/aQute.launcher.pre.EmbeddedLauncher

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OSGi Connect

- OSGi Connect allows for bundles to exist and be installed into the OSGi Framework from the flat class path, the module path (Java Platform Module System), a jlink image, or a native image.
 - \rightarrow Allows to start an OSGi application without the full OSGi Module Layer

OSGi Core R8 – Connect Specification https://docs.osgi.org/specification/osgi.core/8.0.0/framework.connect.html

Apache Felix Atomos https://github.com/apache/felix-atomos

Ubiquitous OSGi - Android, Graal Substrate, Java Modules, Flat Class Path <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KxmtzjHBumU</u>

OSGi R8, Felix 7, Atomos and the future of OSGi@Eclipse https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oitFMbztf5s

GraalVM Native Image with OSGi Connect

- Preparation

- 1. Add/use Atomos to be able to start the OSGi application from the flat classpath
- 2. Generate reachability metadata via tracing agent (reflection, resources, ...)
- 3. Update generated metadata

– Build

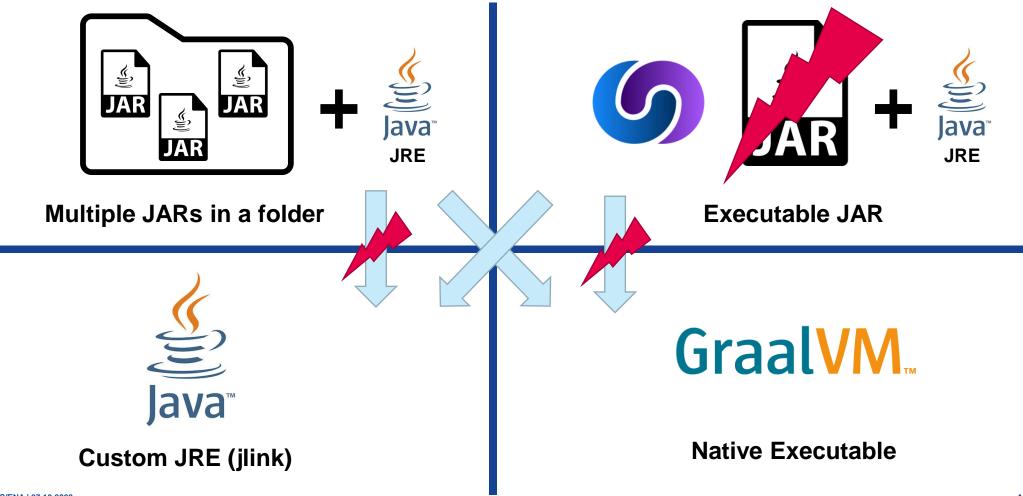
- Via GraalVM build plugins (Maven/Gradle)
- Docker multi-stage build using GraalVM container images

- Notes/Remarks

- -native-image build only worked with flat classpath and listing all jars explicitly
- Build result is platform-dependent
- -atomos_lib folder or index file needed for Atomos to discover bundles and load bundle entries
- Still not everything is working as expected (e.g. scr:list produces an empty output)



OSGi Connect / Apache Felix Atomos



18

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Deployment (plain OSGi)

Multiple JARs in folder

Executable JAR

Custom JRE (jlink)

GraalVM Native Image

Deployment (OSGi Connect)

Multiple JARs in folder

Executable JAR

Custom JRE (jlink)

GraalVM Native Image



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"Size matters" - Find the right base image

Alpine vs. Debian vs. Ubuntu

Image	Size
alpine:3	5.54 MB
debian:bullseye-slim	80.50 MB
ubuntu:jammy	77.84 MB

Eclipse Temurin vs. IBM Semeru JDK vs. JRE

Image	Size
eclipse-temurin:17-jdk-jammy	~ 455 MB
eclipse-temurin:17-jdk-alpine	~ 356 MB
eclipse-temurin:17-jre-jammy	~ 266 MB
eclipse-temurin:17-jre-alpine	~ 168 MB
ibm-semeru-runtimes:open-17-jdk-jammy	~ 477 MB
ibm-semeru-runtimes:open-17-jre-jammy	~ 272 MB

– "Distroless" images contain only your application and its runtime dependencies. They do not contain package managers, shells or any other programs you would expect to find in a standard Linux distribution.

Image		Size
gcr.io/distroless/static-debian11	minimal Linux for "mostly-statically compiled" languages that do not require libc	2.36 MB
gcr.io/distroless/base-debian11	minimal Linux, glibc-based system	20.32 MB
gcr.io/distroless/java17-debian11	base image plus OpenJDK 17 and its dependencies	230.88 MB

- Distroless Java image is based on Debian and glibc, therefore bigger than an Alpine Temurin image
- Can be interesting in production for security reasons, but not for size

https://github.com/GoogleContainerTools/distroless





Java Best Practices

- Install only what you need
 - Use JRE instead of JDK
 - Use multi-stage builds (e.g. to create JRE or Native Image)
- Don't run Java apps as root
- Properly shutdown and handle events to terminate a Java application
- Take care of "container-awareness"

https://snyk.io/blog/best-practices-to-build-java-containers-with-docker/ https://developers.redhat.com/articles/2022/04/19/java-17-whats-new-openjdks-container-awareness# https://blog.openj9.org/2021/06/15/innovations-for-java-running-in-containers/

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Container

Building Docker Images

- Use dedicated Docker files instead of generation tools
- Integrate image creation as part of the build via fabric8io/docker-maven-plugin Maven/Gradle first

```
https://github.com/fabric8io/docker-maven-plugin
http://dmp.fabric8.io/
```

<plugin></plugin>	
<groupid>io.fabric8</groupid>	
<artifactid>docker-maven-plugin</artifactid>	
<extensions>true</extensions>	
<configuration></configuration>	
<images> </images>	
<pre><executions> </executions></pre>	

 Use multi-stage build to checkout sources and build in one container, then create new production container with build result only

Docker first



Deployment Variant – Base Image – Image Size

Deployment (plain OSGi)	Base Image	Size
Multiple JARs in folder	eclipse-temurin:17-jre-alpine	~ 171 MB
Executable JAR	eclipse-temurin:17-jre-alpine	~ 174 MB
Custom JRE (jlink)	alpine:3	~ 75 MB
Custom JRE (jlink/compressed)	alpine:3	~ 53 MB

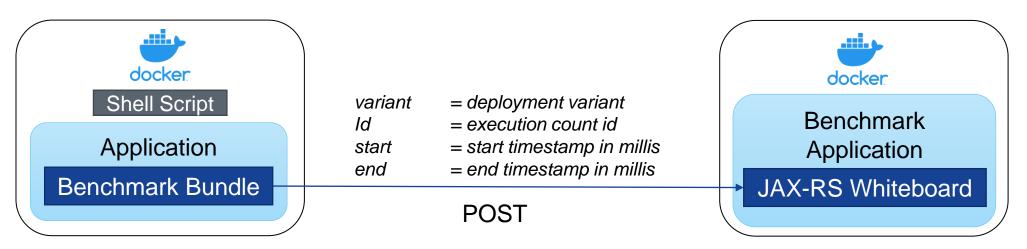
Deployment (OSGi Connect)	Base Image	Size
Multiple JARs in folder	eclipse-temurin:17-jre-alpine	~ 171 MB
Custom JRE (jlink)	alpine:3	~ 75 MB
Custom JRE (jlink/compressed)	alpine:3	~ 53 MB
GraalVM Native Image	scratch alpine:3	~ 38 MB ~ 43 MB



Benchmark

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Benchmark



Benchmark Bundle / Immediate Component

- Get start timestamp from system property
- Get current timestamp
- Send POST request via java.net.http.HttpClient
- Shutdown

Shell script

- Execute application multiple times in for-loop (clean/cache)
- Pass start timestamp as system property

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Deployment (plain OSGi)

Multiple JARs in folder

Executable JAR

Custom JRE (jlink)alpine:3~ 75 MBCustom JRE (jlink/compressed)alpine:3~ 53 MB

Base Image

Deployment (OSGi Connect)	Base Image	Size	Size Benchmark
Multiple JARs in folder	eclipse-temurin:17-jre-alpine	~ 171 MB	~ 173 MB
Custom JRE (jlink)	alpine:3	~ 75 MB	~ 78 MB
Custom JRE (jlink/compressed)	alpine:3	~ 53 MB	~ 55 MB
GraalVM Native Image	scratch alpine:3	~ 38 MB (~ 43 MB)	(~ 46 MB) ~ 53 MB

eclipse-temurin:17-jre-alpine

eclipse-temurin:17-jre-alpine

+ coreutils

Size Benchmark

~ 173 MB

~ 176 MB

~ 78 MB

~ 55 MB

Size

~ 171 MB

~ 174 MB

- + benchmark bundle
- + java.net.http module
- + shell script support

OTAC	
CI/13	

Deployment (plain OSGi)	Base Image	Size	Size Benchmark	Startup Clean	Startup Cache
Multiple JARs in folder	eclipse-temurin:17-jre-alpine	~ 171 MB	~ 173 MB	~ 982 ms	~ 901 ms
Executable JAR	eclipse-temurin:17-jre-alpine	~ 174 MB	~ 176 MB	~ 1087 ms	~ 1099 ms
Custom JRE (jlink)	alpine:3	~ 75 MB	~ 78 MB	~ 1336 ms	~ 1345 ms
Custom JRE (jlink/compressed)	alpine:3	~ 53 MB	~ 55 MB	~ 1497 ms	~ 1505 ms

Deployment (OSGi Connect)	Base Image	Size	Size Benchmark	Startup Clean	Startup Cache
Multiple JARs in folder classpath modulepath	eclipse-temurin:17-jre-alpine	~ 171 MB	~ 173 MB	~ 1122 ms ~ 1194 ms	~ 973 ms ~ 1052 ms
Custom JRE (jlink)	alpine:3	~ 75 MB	~ 78 MB	~ 1439 ms	~ 1326 ms
Custom JRE (jlink/compressed)	alpine:3	~ 53 MB	~ 55 MB	~ 1593 ms	~ 1445 ms
GraalVM Native Image	scratch alpine:3	~ 38 MB (~ 43 MB)	(~ 46 MB) ~ 53 MB	- ~ 34 ms	-

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Conclusion

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Conclusion

- All Java deployment variants possible for OSGi applications via
 - Bndtools JPMS support
 - OSGi Connect (Felix Atomos)
- Different deployment variants have different startup & runtime behaviors
- Make decision about variant dependent on the use case,
 e.g. short running executables in container vs. long running application servers
- Further optimizations possible by configuring the Java runtime,
 e.g. Container-awareness, Garbage Collection, *Checkpoint & Restore*, etc.



https://github.com/fipro78/osgi_deployment_options



Thank you Dirk Fauth ETAS/ENA dirk.fauth@etas.com