



OSGi™

Jigsaw and OSGi: What the Heck Happens Now?

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WTF Happens Now?

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Agenda

- **WTF is a Module System?**
- **How do OSGi and Jigsaw Compare?**
- **Is OSGi Still Useful?**
- **Can OSGi and Jigsaw Work Together?**



WTF Is a Module System?

- **Isolation of Module Internals**
- **Controlled & Scoped Dependencies**
- **Defined Modes of Interaction (Contracts)**
- **Lifecycle**



ISOLATION



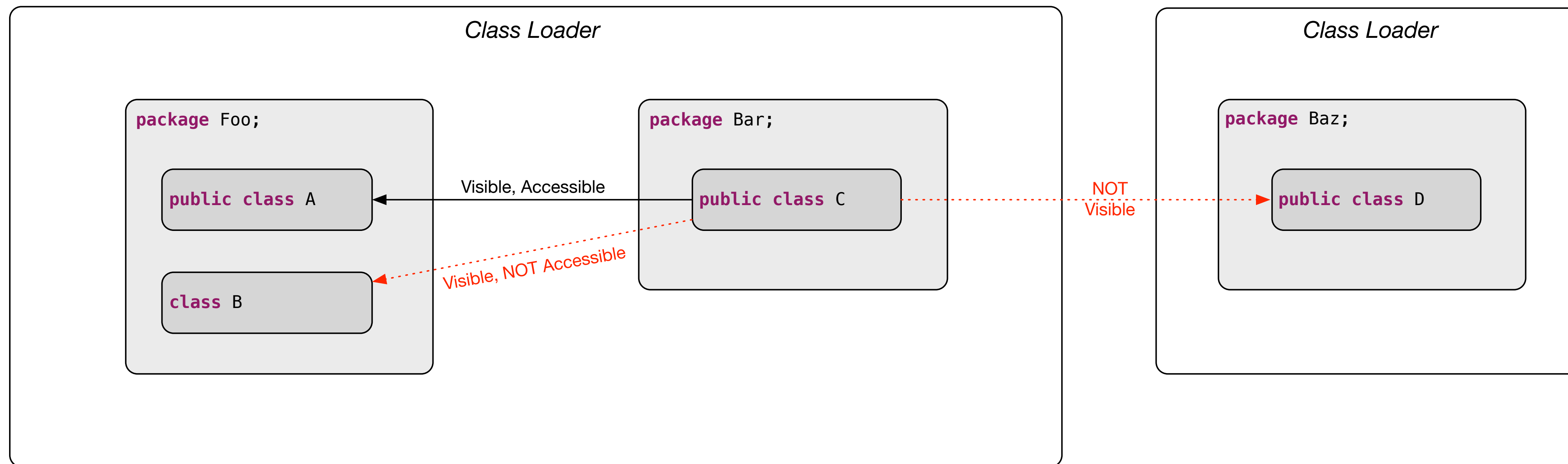
Isolation

- Prevent leakage of implementation details
- Enable public vs private distinction
- Avoid supporting private internals as API



Java Refresher: Visible vs Accessible

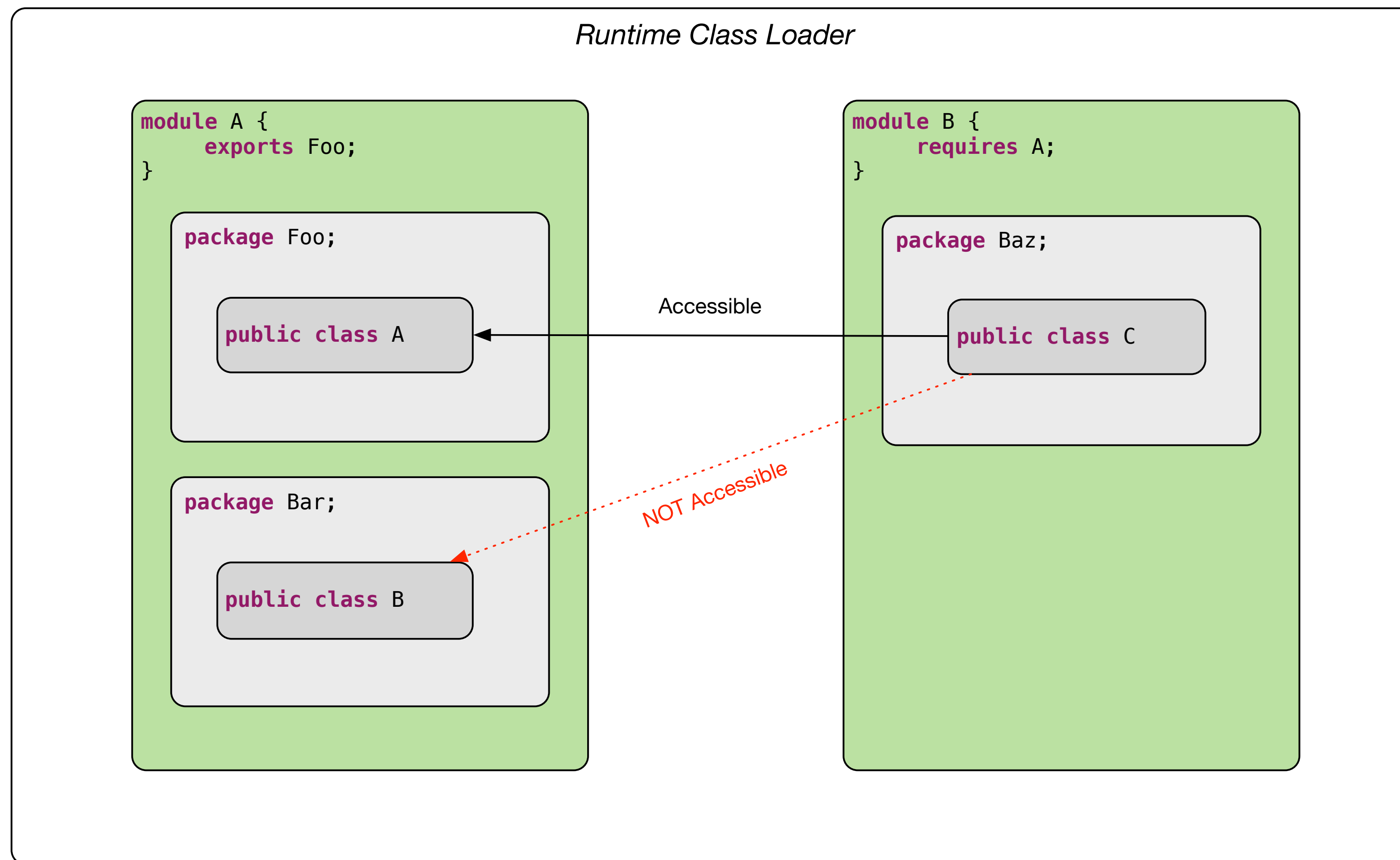
- Accessibility is checked by the compiler...



- Though not always accurately (“runtime packages”, JVM Spec 5.4.4)

Jigsaw Isolation

- Jigsaw redefines the meaning of “public class” in Java.





Audience Participation

- **QUESTION:** Can both of these modules be present together on the module path?

```
module A {  
  exports foo;  
}
```

```
module B {  
  exports bar;  
}
```



Audience Participation

- **ANSWER:** Maybe! Not enough information.
- Modules cannot contain the same packages, **even** private packages.
- Jigsaw isolation is **incomplete**: internal details exposed.
- **module-info.java is incomplete as a module descriptor.**
- Modules on the module path still exist in **ONE** class loader.



DEPENDENCIES



Dependencies

- Isolation is about building walls.
- Any damn fool can build a wall...



- ***Almost any damn fool can build a wall.**

Dependencies

- Much harder to actually work together.
- Punch holes in the wall.
- Control access to module features, i.e. API.





OSGi: Requirements & Capabilities

- **Capability:** What I can do. E.g.:

Provide-Capability:

```
com.acme.display; width:Long=1920; height:Long=1080
```

Export-Package: org.example.foo; version=1.2.0

- **Requirement:** What I need. E.g.:

Require-Capability:

```
com.acme.display; filter:="(width>=1024)"
```

Import-Package: org.example.foo; version=' [1.2,2.0) '

- Depend on what a bundle can do, not its identity.
- Different bundles can implement same idea differently.



Jigsaw Dependencies

- Jigsaw dependencies are entirely based on identity.

```
module B {  
    exports bar;  
    requires A;  
}
```

- No substitution possible. Same module identity for build & run.
- Module identity is API!
- Two artefacts providing the same API **must** have same module identity.



Versions

- Versions in Jigsaw are officially **Somebody Else's Problem.**
- `_(ツ)_/`



COMPARISON



Why is Jigsaw Like This

- It solves the problem it set out to solve: **modularise the JDK.**
- JDK is a single vendor, closely managed product.
- Not assembled from multiple 3rd party components.
- Released all-at-once, infrequently.

- An API used by 9 MILLION developers, BILLIONS of apps.
- Can't just refactor into better modular structure!



“Typical” Java Applications

- **Assembled from many sources, from many organisations.**
- **Multiple component release cycles.**
- **Frequent releases... time-to-market critical!**

- **OSGi has been addressing these challenges for 18 years.**
 - **Versioning**
 - **Requirement/Capability**
 - **Resolving**
 - **Services**
 - **FLEXIBILITY**

Ideal Scenario

- We want the best of all worlds.
- Use a modular JDK, provided by Jigsaw...
- ... in a modular application, powered by OSGi.
- **This will be great!**
- Let's just check it actually works...





COMPATIBILITY



Java 9 Migration

- **Jigsaw implements strategies for compatibility and migration to Java 9:**
 - **Classpath & Unnamed Modules.**
 - **Automatic Modules.**
 - **Illegal access not yet enforced in Java 9.**



Unnamed Modules

- The classpath still exists in Java 9. Types are loaded into an **unnamed** module.
- Unnamed modules implicitly require (“read”) ALL named modules on the modulepath.
- Named modules **cannot** read unnamed modules.
- In theory, running any standard Java app on Java 9 **should Just Work™**.
- “In theory, there is no difference between theory and practice. But in practice, there is.”



Automatic Modules

- A named module with an implicit definition.
- Drop a plain JAR on the modulepath, it's now a module.
- Reads every other named module, exports all packages.
- Named modules **can** depend on automatic modules.



INTEROP

Level 0



Level 0: Running

- Felix, Equinox and Knopflerfish **all run on Java 9.**
- **Classpath compatibility mode.**
- **OSGi runs in an unnamed module.**
- **Felix Framework requires **only** java.base module.**



Level 0: Challenges

- **Illegal reflective access warnings... can be ignored in Java 9**
- **Hard-coded package lists:**
 - **System Bundle exports *inter alia* javax.swing**
 - **javax.swing is exported by module java.desktop**
 - **java.desktop module can now be removed from the platform. Oops!**



Level 0: Challenges

- OSGi bundles cannot import `java.*`
- Therefore cannot have versioned `Import-Package`.
- How to check compatibility, e.g. can I call `String.isEmpty`?
- Execution Environment requirement (generated):

Require-Capability:

```
osgi.ee; filter:=“(&(osgi.ee=JavaSE)(version=1.8))”
```

- Execution Environment describes a monolithic platform.
- `java.*` packages can now be removed! Oops.



INTEROP

Level 1



Detect Platform Packages

- Calculate System Bundle exports using the JPMS Module API.
- Better... filter existing package list through calculated platform packages.
 - Runtime introspection does not show uses constraints.
 - MANY more packages exported than Java SE.
- Working (experimentally) in Felix now.



DEMO



Analysis

- **Fixes** the problem of Java SE packages such as `javax.*`.
- **Doesn't fix** the problem of `java.*` dependencies
- Exec Env is no longer sufficient.
- Bundles need to indicate their Jigsaw module dependencies.
- Invent a new capability namespace: `jpms.module`

Require-Capability:

```
jpms.module; filter:="(jpms.module=java.sql)"
```

- Get bnd to generate this obviously.
- Make sure OSGi Framework provides it.



DEMO



JPMS Module Dependencies

- **Effectively, OSGi bundles can now depend on JPMS modules.**
- **Considered for inclusion in OSGi Core Spec?**
- **However!**
 - **Many** legacy bundles... all existing bundles today...
 - **Without the `jpms.module` requirement, we don't know whether a bundle should resolve.**
 - **With** the `jpms.module` requirement, the bundle will never resolve on Java 8 or below :-)
- **Maybe run `jdeps` on-the-fly rather than build time?**



INTEROP

Level 2+



Full Bidirectional Interop?

- **Very unlikely ever to work.**
- **Jigsaw modules can only depend on Jigsaw modules.**

- **No dynamics...**
- **No split packages...**
- **No cycles...**
 - **NB split packages are bad, and cycles are often bad.**
 - **Unfortunately they are sometimes necessary.**
 - **Backwards-incompatible to remove from OSGi.**



Leverage Jigsaw Access Controls

- Non-exported types in OSGi can still be loaded w/ reflection.
- Use Java 2 Security to prevent this.
- Might be nice to use Jigsaw access control as an alternative?
- **Can't be done** in Java 9. Have to go all-in on modules to use this feature (not very modular...).
- Maybe possible in future Java?



Load OSGi in a Jigsaw Module?

- Run OSGi and all bundles inside a named module.
- Might allow more control over access to the platform.
- Can't be done: module content is immutable.

```
void loadBundle(URL[] bundleClasspath) throws Exception {  
    URLClassLoader loader = new URLClassLoader(bundleClasspath);  
    Class<?> clazz = loader.loadClass("org.example.MyBundleActivator");  
    Module module = clazz.getModule();  
    // ...  
}
```

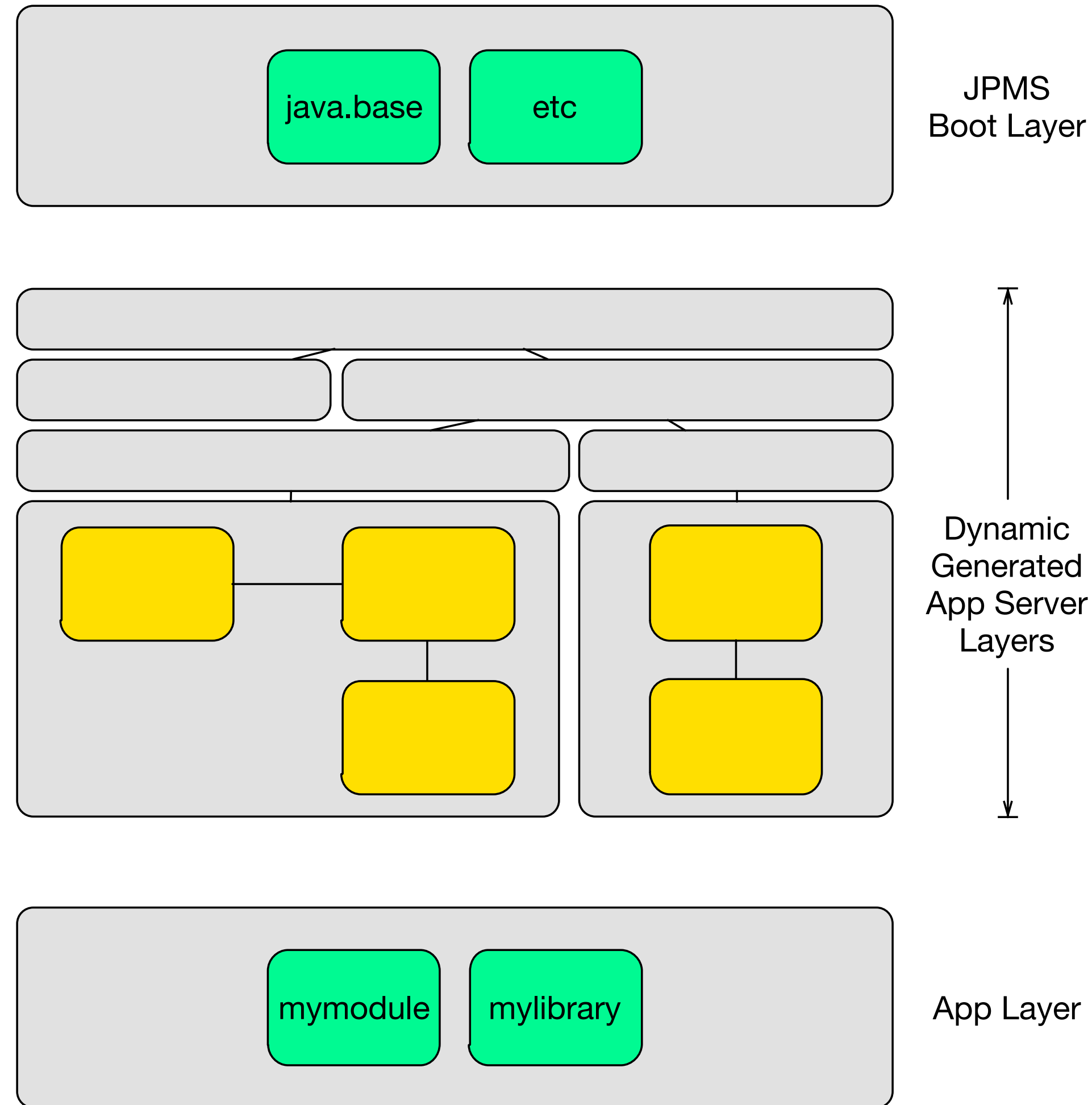
- This class will always be the unnamed module, even if the above code is running in a named module.
- We asked for but **did not get** an addPackages method on Module.



The Tom Watson Experiment

- IBM has App Server products written in OSGi.
- Future customers may need to deploy Jigsaw modules.
- Jigsaw modules can only depend on Jigsaw modules...
- ... or Jigsaw **Layers**.
- Hierarchical groups of modules with inherited readability.
- Dynamically map OSGi Framework subgraphs to Layers.
- Not full bidirectional interop.
- Complex and computationally expensive.
- github.com/tjwatson/osgi-jpms-layer

The Tom Watson Experiment: Architecture*



* Approximate, according to my understanding



Just Pretend It's a Bundle

- Jigsaw metadata is (almost) a subset of OSGi.
- OSGi functionality is (almost) a superset of Jigsaw
- Load a Jigsaw module **as if** it were an OSGi bundle.
- Map `requires` to `Require-Bundle`, etc. Relatively simple to do.
- Huge loss of info:
 - Goodbye `Import-Package`, `Capabilities`, `Resolver`...
 - Goodbye `Versions`!
- `ServiceLoader` does not really work... limited value.
- Will discourage open source developers from including OSGi metadata.



Move Up the Stack

- Much of OSGi's value is in the Service Registry...
- ... and the fantastic specs that build on top of Services.
- The registry can be factored out of the rest of the framework.
 - “PojoSR” from Karl Pauls, now Felix Connect.
- For some people the module layer simply isn't that interesting.
- App assembly and continuous deployment — enabled by Capabilities & Requirements — are **unparalleled**.
- **SAD**.



The Good News



The Good News

- Jigsaw is fantastic for modularising the JDK.
- OSGi is fantastic for modularising applications.
- **Already** working together.

- Enhanced bnd tooling + jlink = tiny application images.
- **Tens** of megabytes.



The Future Does Not Have to be Scary





Jigsaw for JDK

OSGi for Apps



Thank You!

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